Licensing Guide February '25

# Kaspersky Container Security





Kaspersky Cloud Workload Security





### Containerization

is one of the primary global software development trends right now. Most companies globally use containers in their apps. The technology shortens time to market, enables more rational use of computer resources, and delivers robust and well-built apps to customers. However, the architectural features of containerized apps prevent traditional and open-source solutions designed for code analysis and endpoint protection from providing adequate information security.

## Kaspersky Container Security

Kaspersky Container Security protects every stage of a containerized app's lifecycle, from development to operation. It protects your organization's business processes in line with security standards and regulations, and supports implementation DevSecOps.

Kaspersky Container Security delivers comprehensive protection from the latest cyberthreats. It automates your compliance audits, freeing up your security team's resources so they can focus on other tasks, and shortens time to market.

Kaspersky Container Security has been developed both for on-premise and cloud container environments, ensuring multi-level protection, from container images to the host OS.

Kaspersky Continer Security is a part of the Kaspersky Cloud Workload Security offering. It provides comprehensive protection from attacks and reduces threat detection and response times in cloud environments.

## Licensing levels



Kaspersky Container Security

Standard

Provides container image protection, integration with image registries, orchestrators, CI/CD platforms, and SIEM solutions



Kaspersky Container Security

Ensures protection of containers in the runtime environment, provides enhanced monitoring capabilities and tools for compliance checks

Advanced

## Features and <mark>licensing tiers</mark>

| Features   | Standard | Advanced |
|--|----------|----------|
| <b>Integration with container image registries</b><br>Integrates with Docker Hub, JFrog Artifactory, Sonatype Nexus OSS, GitLab Registry, VMWare Harbor, Red Hat<br>Quay, Amazon ECR | •        | •        |
| Orchestration environment support  | •        |          |
| Supports Kubernetes, Red Hat Openshift, Azure AKS, Amazon ECS  |          |          |
| Integration with public clouds   | •        |          |
| Supports AWS and Microsoft Azure   | •        |          |
| Scanning of images for malicious objects, vulnerabilities and secrets  |          |          |
| Scanning can be performed manually or automatically based on predefined parameters   | •        |          |
| Risk assessment for container images and configuration files (IaC)   | •        |          |
| Automated image assessment based on criticality levels   | •        |          |
| Scanning of configuration files (IaC)  |          |          |
| Configuration error detection and best practice checks   | •        | •        |
| Set of criteria in UI for creating custom policies and editing preset policies   |          |          |
| Enables creation of policies for image security scanning, response, and runtime analysis   | •        |          |
| Integration with CI/CD platforms and scanning of images<br>and IaC at development stage  |          |          |
| Integrates with Jenkins, Team City and Circle CI to block images and containers when security threats are detected   | •        | •        |
| Visualization tools  |          |          |
| Visualization of information about images, containers, and infrastructure elements   | •        |          |
| Reporting system   |          |          |
| Generation of reports and ability to download them from the log on demand  | •        | •        |
| Integration with external security and notification systems  |          |          |
| Integration with SIEM (via syslog), LDAP, e-mail, Telegram   | •        | •        |
| Open API for key product functionality (Swagger)   |          |          |
| Integration and installation convenience improvement   | •        | •        |
| Analysis of the configuration of container platform components for compliance with best practices  |          |          |
| Infrastructure analysis for compliance with best protection practices to improve the environment's security level  | •        | •        |
| Orchestrator vulnerability analysis  |          |          |
| Checks clusters for compliance with security policies and the cluster health as well as Kubernetes components  | •        | ٠        |

|  | ng and control in accordance with security policies<br>ompliant images, unregistered images, and images with privileges,<br>in containers. |
|--|--|
| Detecting and scanning im  | ages in a cluster  |
| Ability to scan images at runtime  | •  |
| Behavioral analytics of cor  | ntainers (based on templates)  |
| Monitoring containers based on the p                                     | oreset profile (automatically and manually)  |
| Container integrity monito   | oring  |
| Monitoring consistency between sca                                       | nned image and image from which container is running   |
| File threat protection for r   | unning containers (eBPF and KESL -based)   |
| Preventing potential attacks on orche                                    | estrator via containers in runtime   |
| Controls the launch of app   | plications and services inside containers  |
| Detecting and blocking suspicious ac                                     | tivity inside containers   |
| Monitors the traffic of run  | ning containers  |
| Detecting and blocking suspicious ac                                     | tivity between containers in cluster and between clusters  |
| File operation monitoring (  | eBPF)  |
| Detects file changes (e.g. rights and c                                  | owner changes, creation, modifications, save history, etc.)  |
| Logs host syscalls   |  |
| Improves forensics on events that oc                                     | ccurred in the system before and following a policy violation  |
| <b>Event log transmission dire</b><br>Helps SOC teams when investigating | ectly from monitored clusters to SIEM systems  complex incidents   |
| Dedicated vulnerability pa   | σρ   |
|  | rabilities across the entire container environment   |
| Container platform compo<br>compliance                                   | onent configuration analysis for regulatory  |
| Infrastructure analysis for compliance                                   | e with internal and / or external security requirements  |

View key information about the state of a cluster and its components

## Licensing objects

#### Nodes with containers

Quantity of nodes on which the KSC Agent is deployed are taken into account

| 1 license |  | 1 node |  |
|-----------|--|--------|--|
|           |  |        |  |

## Premium technical support

Kaspersky Premium support is provided within <mark>Kaspersky Maintenance Service Agreement (MSA)</mark> and focused on superior user experience with high class priority maintenance. For Kaspersky Container Security you may choose out of two support options: MSA Business for KCS or MSA Enterprise for KCS.

|                                      | MSA Business for KCS  | MSA Enterprise for KCS  |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Request<br>receiving<br>availability | Criticality level 1 — on 24×7,<br>the rest — standard office hours<br>of the Kaspersky Local Office   | Criticality level 1 and 2 — on 24×7,<br>the rest — standard office hours<br>of the Kaspersky Local Office   |
| Response time                        | Criticality level 1 — 2 hours*<br>Criticality level 2 — 6 business hours<br>Criticality level 3 — 8 business hours<br>Criticality level 4 — 10 business hours | Criticality level 1 — 30 minutes*<br>Criticality level 2 — 4 hours*<br>Criticality level 3 — 6 business hours<br>Criticality level 4 — 8 business hours                   |
| Contact<br>persons                   | 4 — the possible number of contact persons from the customer's side   | 8 — the possible number of contact persons<br>from the customer's side<br>Dedicated Technical Account Manager (TAM)<br>Provides reports to the customer on open incidents |

Note: Please check availability of MSA contracts and all terms and conditions in your country with your account manager

## License calculation examples

### Scenario A

The customer needs to secure container images ONLY

#### Scenario B

The customer needs to secure not only container images, but also runtime apps, and they also want to check their compliance

For example, in both cases the customer has a total of 810 nodes deployed in infrastructure. On 500 nodes from total amount deployment of containers is planned. Despite the customer purposes described in scenarios A and B we should consider only nodes on which containers are deployed where 1 node count as a 1 license. 500 nodes = 500 licenses

500 licenses Kaspersky Container Security Standard 500 licenses Kaspersky Container Security Advanced

## Advantages for business



#### Globally renowned security

- Kaspersky Container Security's features and capabilities
   are in line with global best practices for container security
- Internationally recognized and award-winning protection



#### Comprehensive protection for containerized environments

- Protection at different levels of the containerized environment architecture
- $\cdot\,$  App security for every stage of the lifecycle



#### Easy operation - reliable protection

- Real-time visualization of threats
- Reduces the necessity of involving the information security team while improving the quality and speed of security checks



#### Regulatory compliance

- Best practices audits
- Transparent reporting system

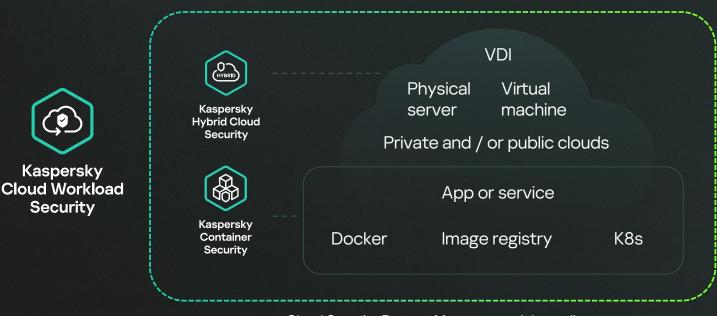
## Technology leadership based on world-class expertise

Kaspersky Cloud Workload Security leverages the combined knowledge, technologies and refined skills of three of our five Centers of Expertise (Threat Research, Al Technology Research, Security Services) offering SSDLC & Secure-by-Design methodologies, vulnerability protection with a low false rate, and assistance for SOC-teams.



## Part of Kaspersky Cloud Workload Security

Kaspersky Container Security in combination with Kaspersky Hybrid Cloud Security forms a comprehensive cloud workload security offering for reliable, world-class protection from attacks together with shorter threat detection and response times in cloud environments. The Kaspersky Cloud Workload Security offering ensures comprehensive protection of your hybrid and cloud infrastructures: virtual machines / container clusters.



#### Cloud Security Posture Management (planned)

## Supported solutions

| Kaspersky<br>Hybrid Cloud<br>Security |   | Kaspersky<br>Container<br>Security   |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Public clouds                         | <ul> <li>Google Cloud AWS</li> <li>Microsoft Azure</li> </ul>   | Orchestrators 🛞 kubernetes 🖸 OPENSHIFT   |  |  |
| Private clouds                        | Image: model   Image: model <td>Image<br/>registries <math> ightarrow 	ext{dockerhub} 	imes 	ext{Red Hat}_{Quay}</math><br/><math> ightarrow 	ext{GitLab} 	imes 	ext{Amazon ECR}</math><br/><math> ightarrow 	ext{HARBOR} 	imes 	imes 	ext{repository} 	imes 	ime</math></td> | Image<br>registries $ ightarrow 	ext{dockerhub} 	imes 	ext{Red Hat}_{Quay}$<br>$ ightarrow 	ext{GitLab} 	imes 	ext{Amazon ECR}$<br>$ ightarrow 	ext{HARBOR} 	imes 	imes 	ext{repository} 	imes 	ime$ |  |  |
| VDI platforms                         | TERMIDESK CITIX.  | CI / CD Jenkins TeamCity   |  |  |



Kaspersky Container Security

Learn more

www.kaspersky.com

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